

BREAD

Requirements towards a DFSZ-sensitive Experiment

Stefan Knirck

Harvard University, Department of Physics



HARVARD
UNIVERSITY

for the BREAD collaboration

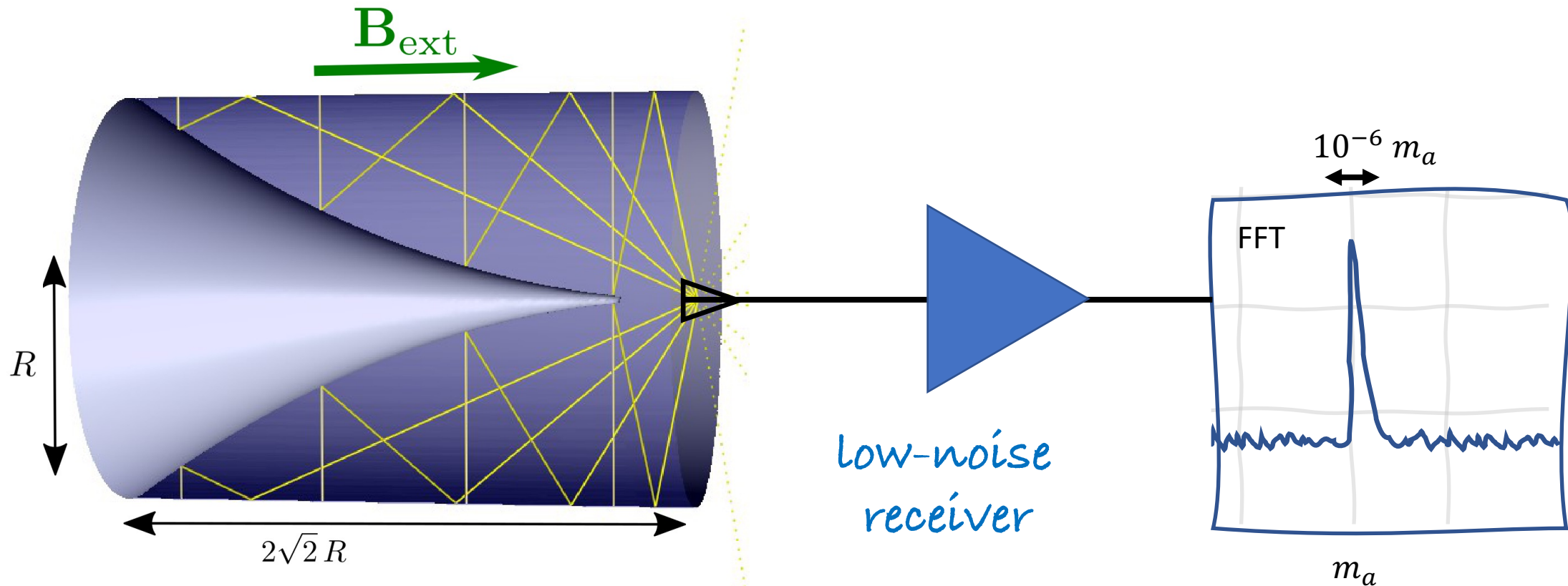
BREAD
COLLABORATION



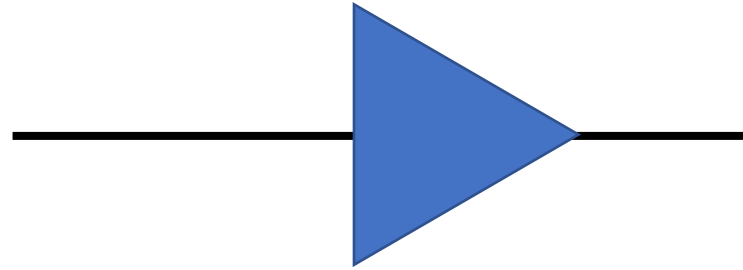
BREAD (Broadband Reflector Experiment for Axion Detection)



$$P_{\text{sig}} = 1.2 \cdot 10^{-25} \text{ W} \cdot \left(\frac{A}{10 \text{ m}^2} \right) \left(\frac{B_{\parallel}}{10 \text{ T}} \right)^2 \left(\frac{\rho_{\text{DM}}}{0.45 \text{ GeV cm}^{-3}} \right) \left(\frac{g_{a\gamma\gamma}}{3.9 \cdot 10^{-16} \text{ GeV}^{-1}} \right)^2 \left(\frac{1 \mu\text{eV}}{m_a} \right)^2$$



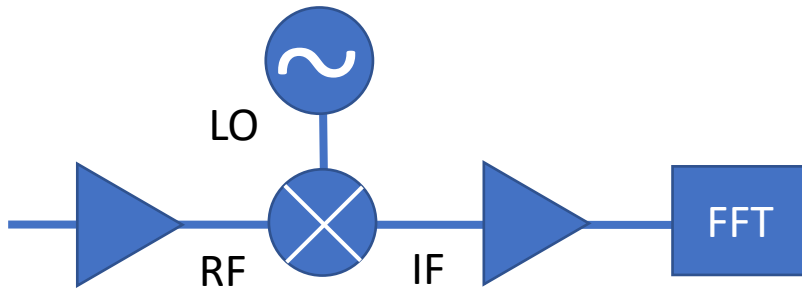
narroband signal, but could be any frequency



Required Sensor?

Sensors

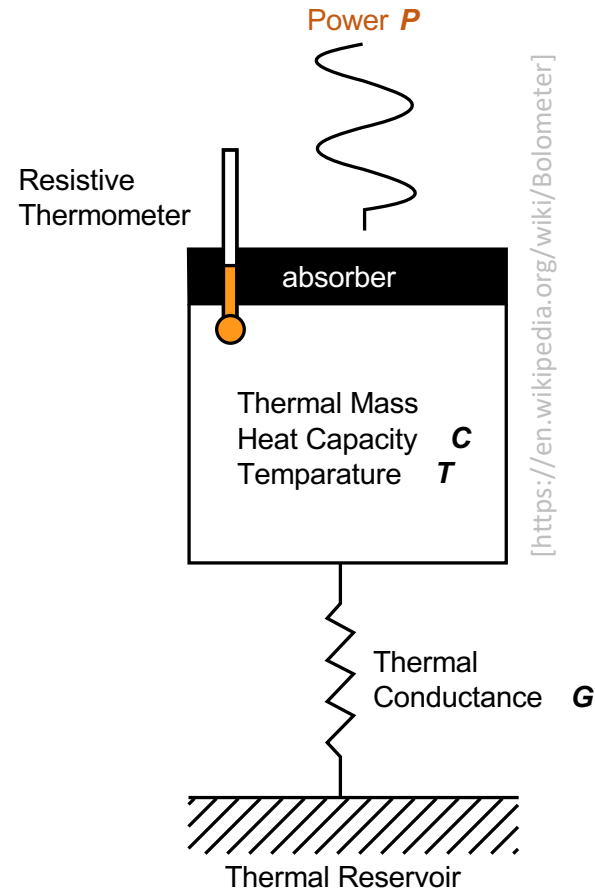
Heterodyne



- high resolution
- **Standard Quantum Limit (SQL):**

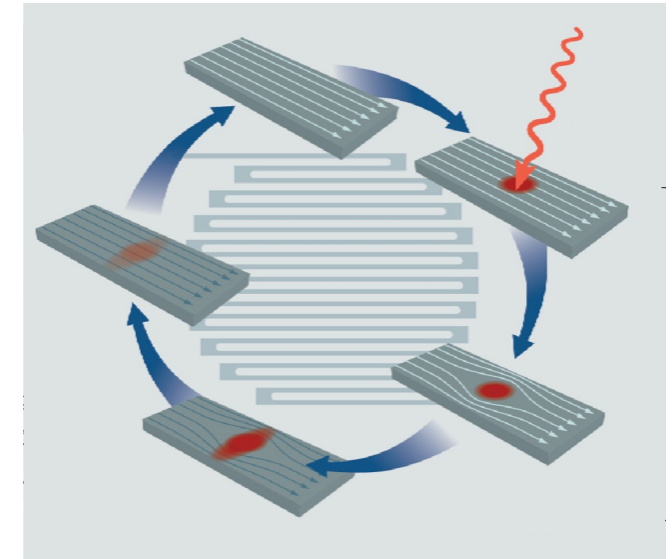
$$k_B T_{noise} = hf$$

Bolometer



$$NEP \sim 10^{-20} W / \sqrt{Hz}$$

Single Photon Counting

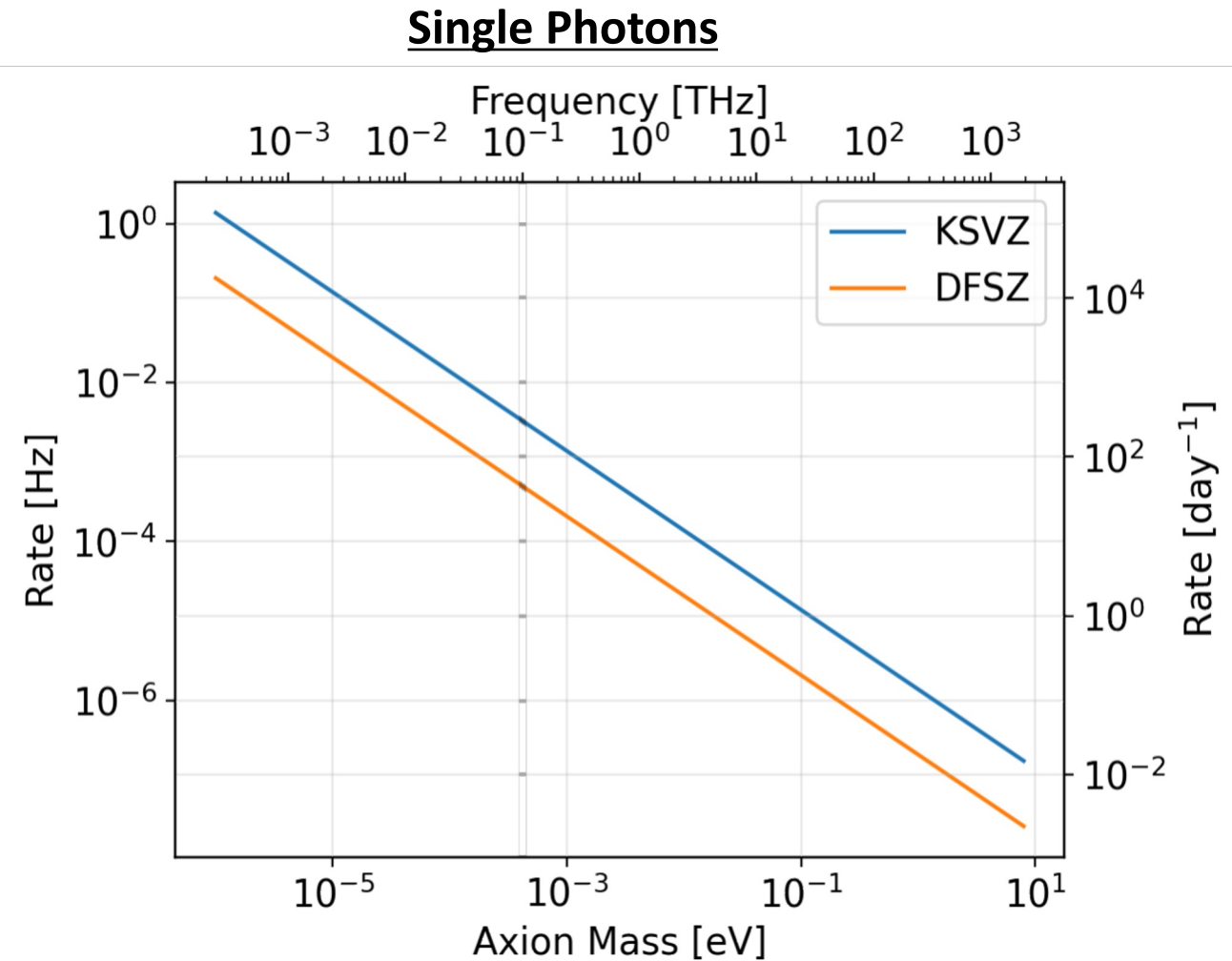
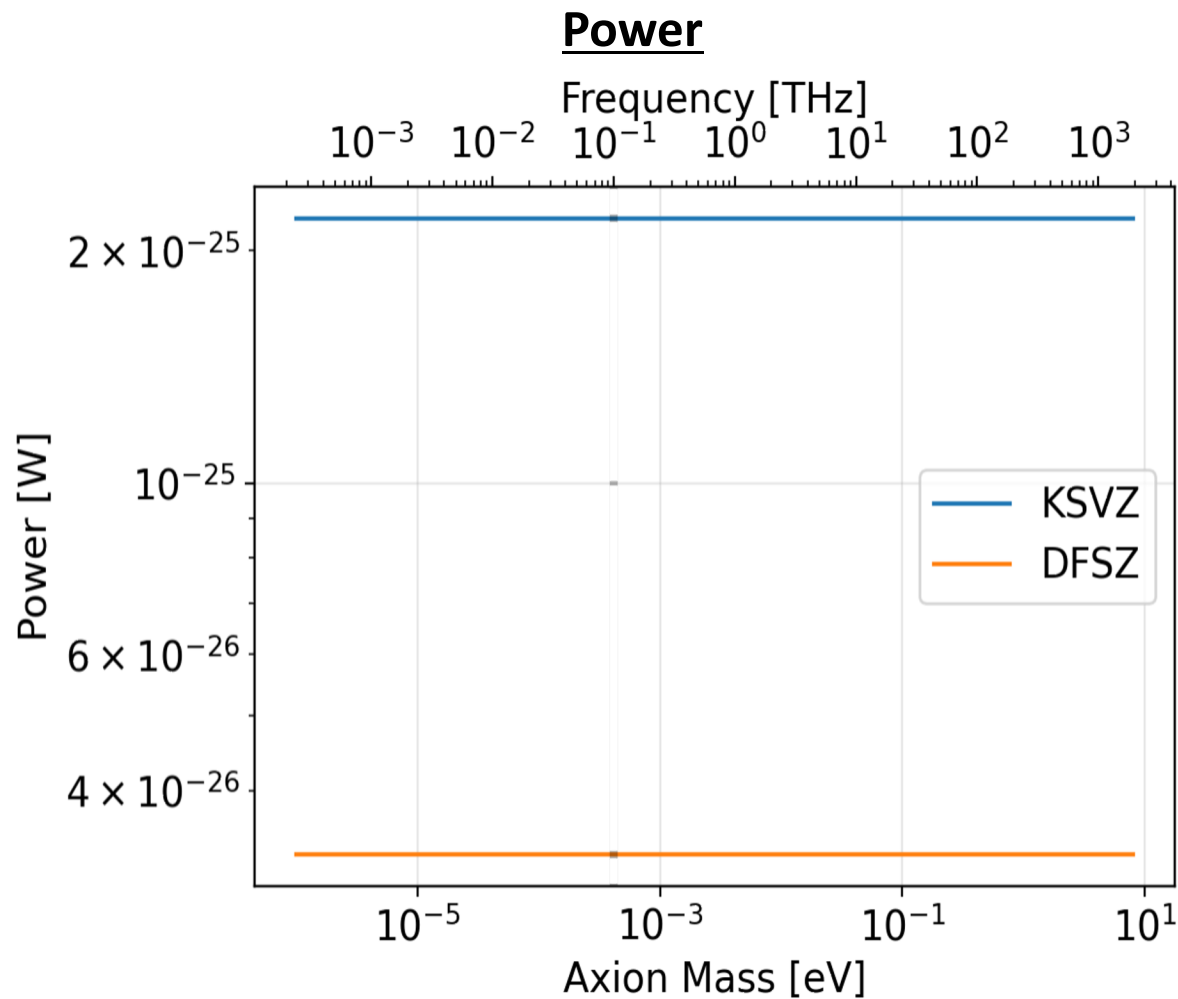


e.g., nanowire detectors

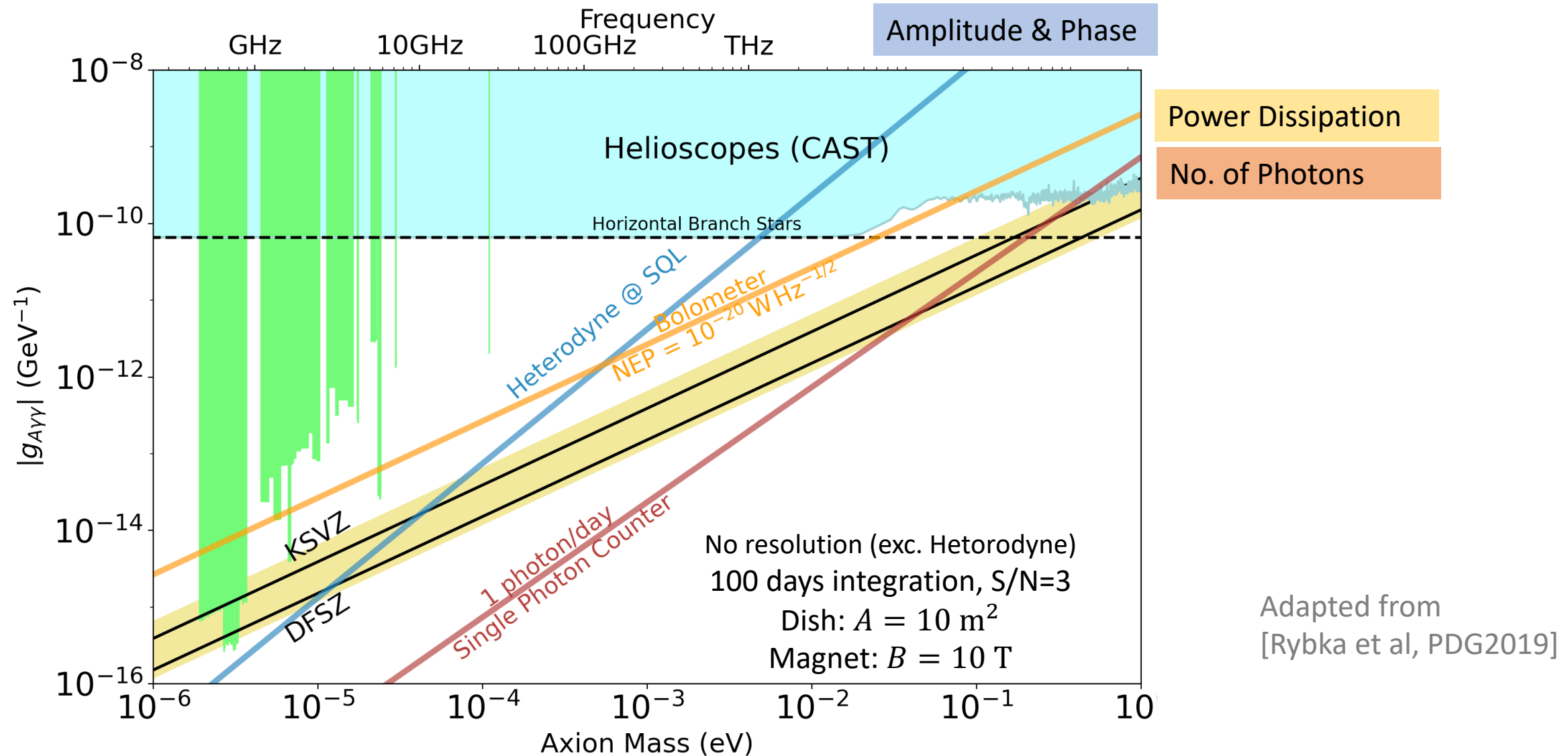
down to ~ 1 photon/day

Fig.: Sae Woo Nam (NIST)

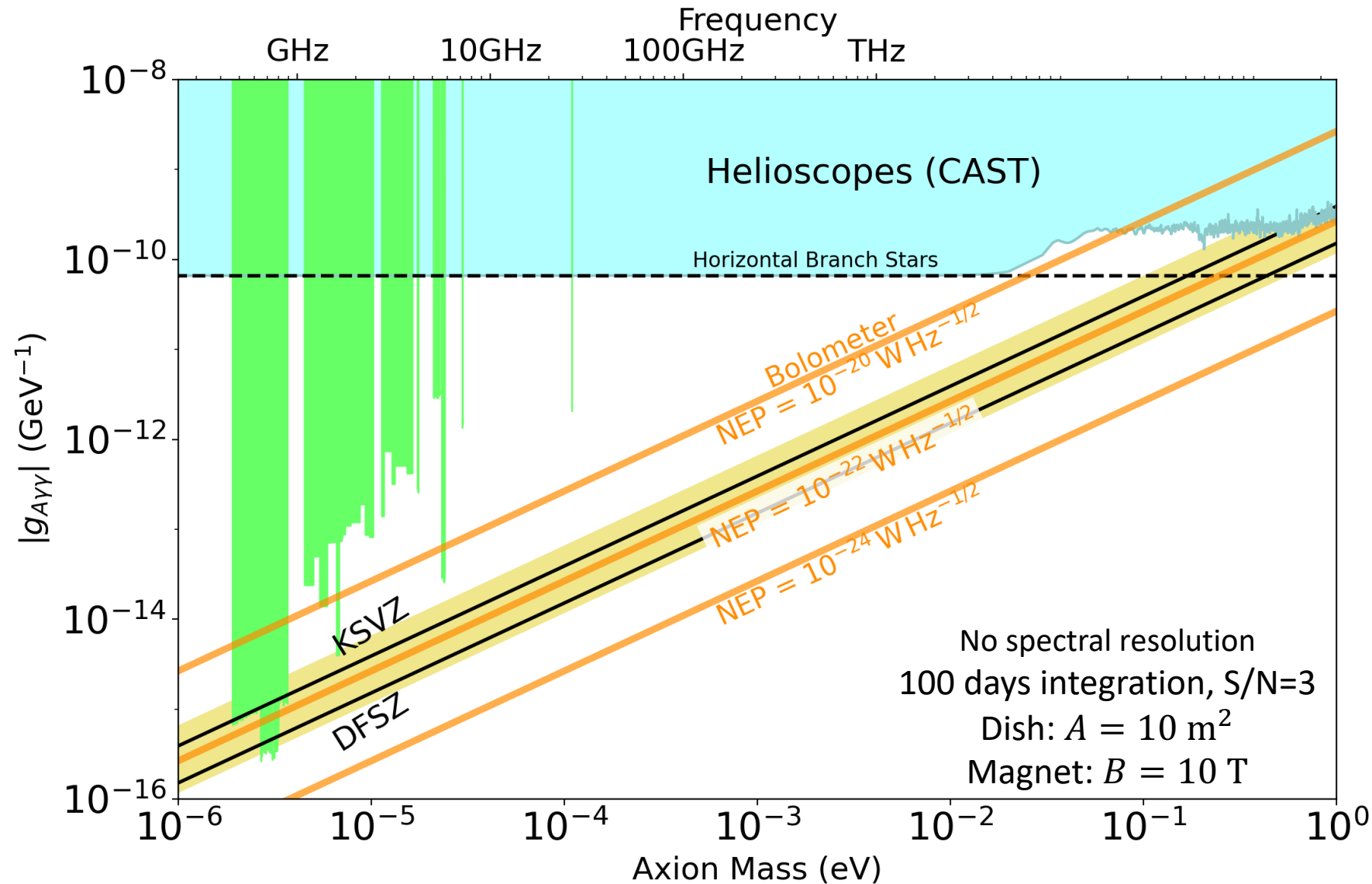
Signal Rate – 10m² dish in 10T field



Sensitivity – Conceptual

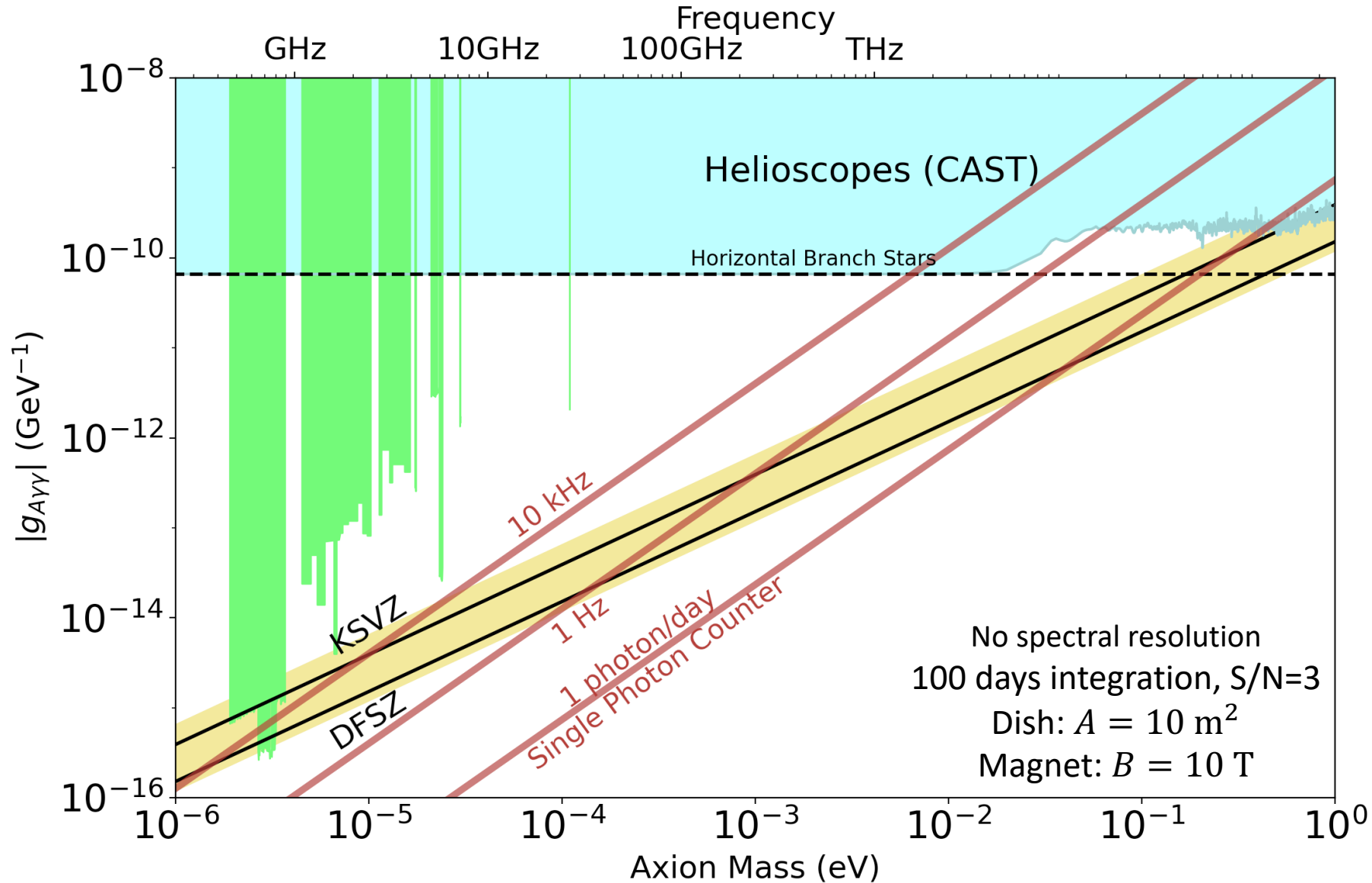


Sensitivities (naïve) – Noise Equivalent Power



$$P_{sens} \sim \frac{NEP}{\sqrt{\Delta t}} \sim NEP \sqrt{\Delta \nu_{det}}$$

Sensitivities (naïve) – Single Photon Counting



$$P_{sens} \sim \sqrt{DCR \Delta t} \frac{h \nu}{\Delta t}$$

Comparison to
Heterodyne SQL:

$$P_{N,SQL} = h \nu \Delta \nu$$

$$\# \gamma_{N,SQL} = \Delta \nu$$

For Axion DM:

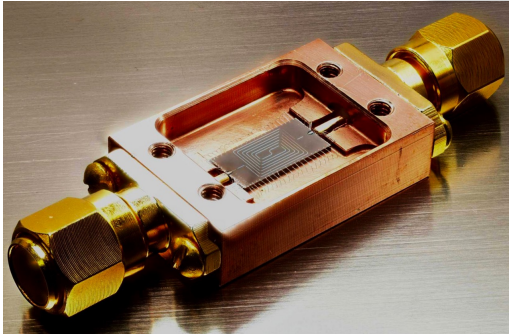
$$\Delta \nu = 10^{-6} \nu$$

Sensors (Selection)

multiple talks today & tomorrow

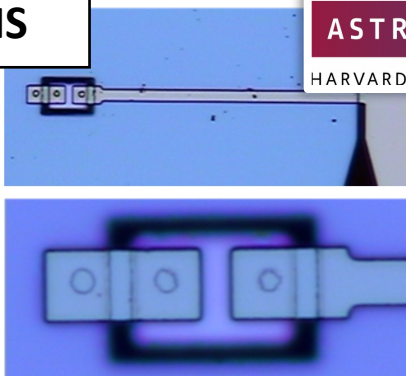
Heterodyne

TWPA



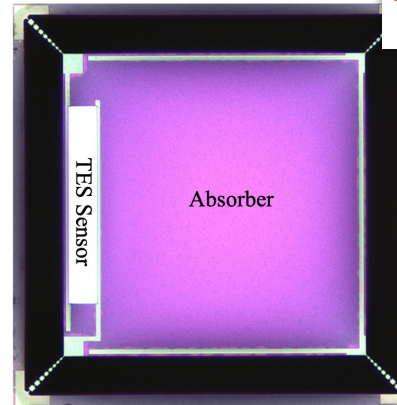
SIS

CENTER FOR
ASTROPHYSICS
HARVARD & SMITHSONIAN



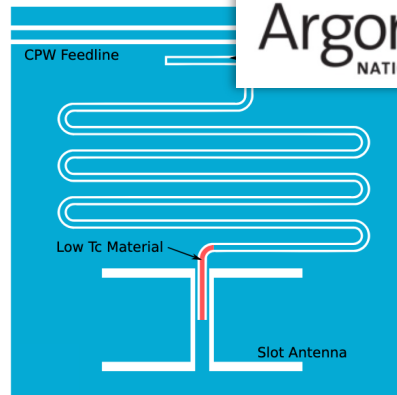
Bolometer

TES



MKID

Argonne
NATIONAL LABORATORY

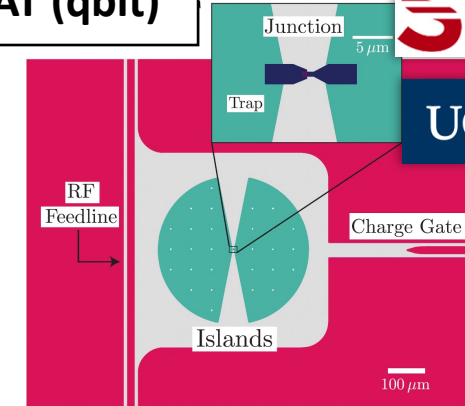


Single Photon Counting

SQUAT (qbit)

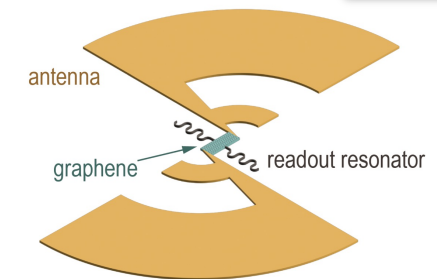


UC Berkeley



WIXARD (Graphene)

Northeastern
University



& more!

[Liu *et al.*, BREAD collab.,

arXiv:2111.12103, PRL 128 (2022) 131801]

Sensors (Selection)



$$\frac{E}{\text{meV}}$$

$$\frac{T_{\text{op}}}{\text{K}}$$

$$\frac{\text{NEP}}{\text{W}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}}$$

$$\frac{A_{\text{sens}}}{\text{mm}^2}$$

Bolometers

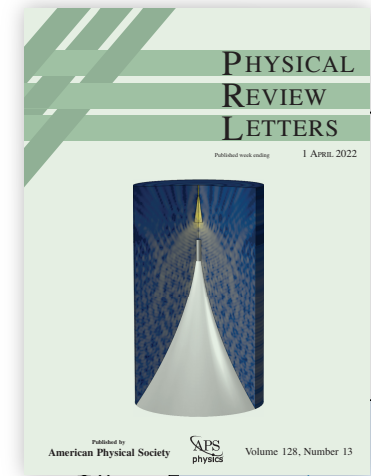
GENTEC	[0.4, 120]	293	$1 \cdot 10^{-8}$	$\pi 2.5^2$	[https://www.gentec-eo.com/]
IR LABS	[0.24, 248]	1.6	$5 \cdot 10^{-14}$	1.5^2	[https://www.irlabs.com/products/bolometers/]
KID/TES	[0.2, 125]	0.3	$2 \cdot 10^{-19}$	0.2^2	[Ridder <i>et al.</i> , J. Low Temp. Phys. 184, 60–65 (2016)], [Baselmans <i>et al.</i> , Astro. Astroph. 601, A89 (2017)]

Single Photon Counters

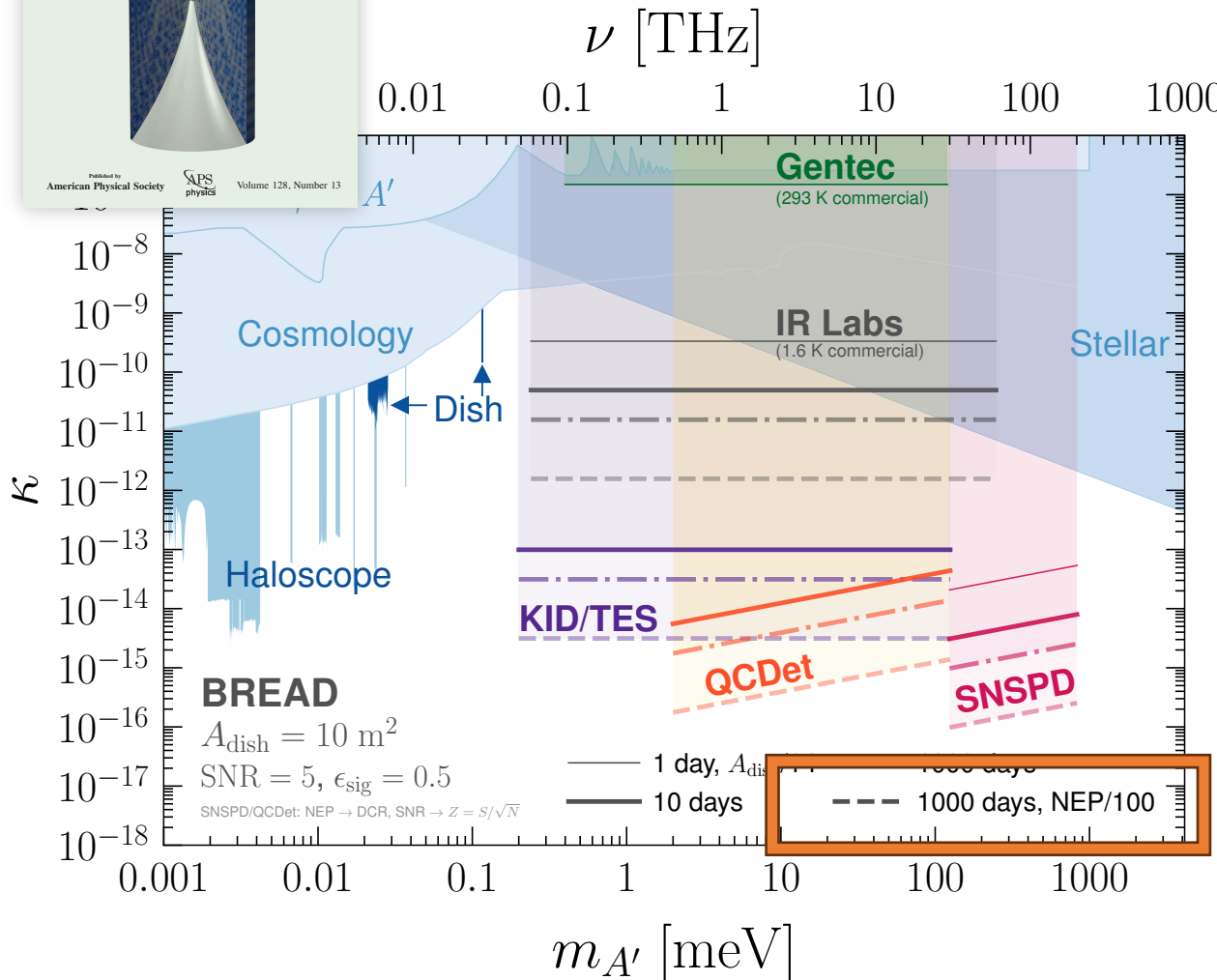
QCDet	[2, 125]	0.015	$\frac{\text{DCR}}{\text{Hz}} = 4$	0.06^2	[Echternach <i>et al.</i> , Nat. Astron. 2, 90–97 (2018)], [Echternach <i>et al.</i> , J. Astron. Telesc. Instrum. Syst. 7, 1–8 (2021)]
SNSPD	[124, 830]	0.3	$\frac{\text{DCR}}{\text{Hz}} = 10^{-4}$	0.4^2	[Hochberg, <i>et al.</i> , Phys. Rev. Lett. 123, 151802 (2019)] [Verma, <i>et al.</i> , arXiv:2012.09979 [physics.ins-det] (2020)]

Sensitivities with Literature Sensors

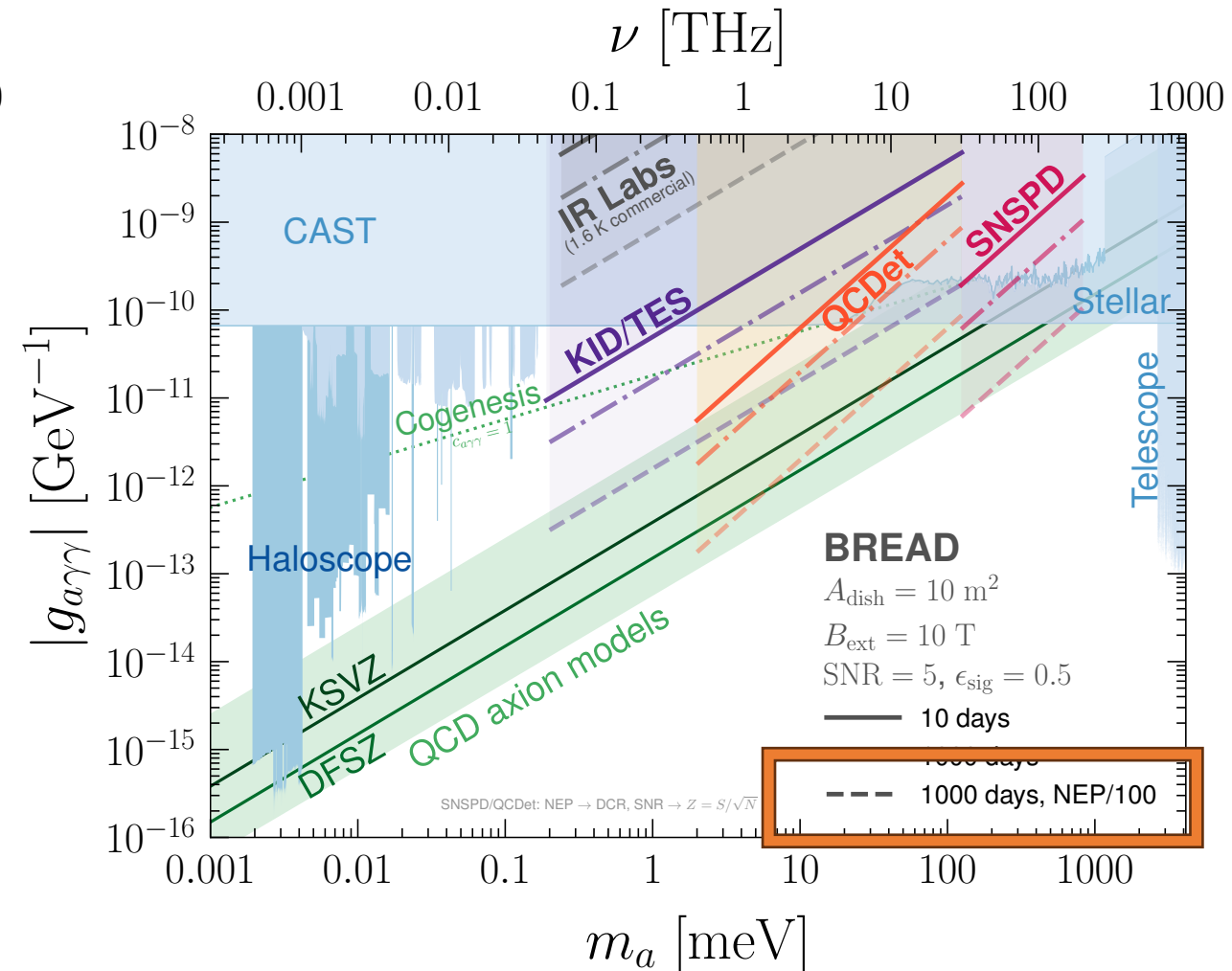
[Liu *et al*, BREAD collab.,
arXiv:2111.12103, PRL 128 (2022) 131801]

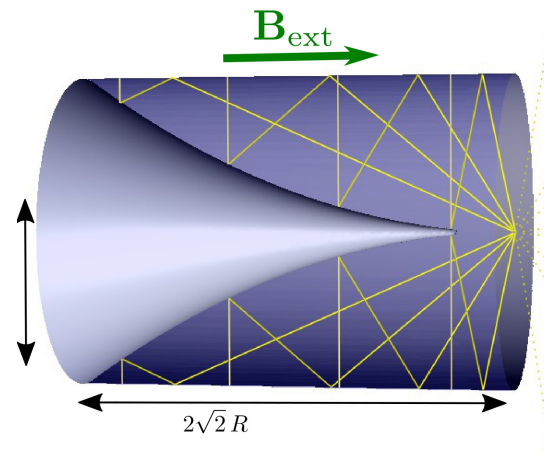


Hidden Photons



Axions

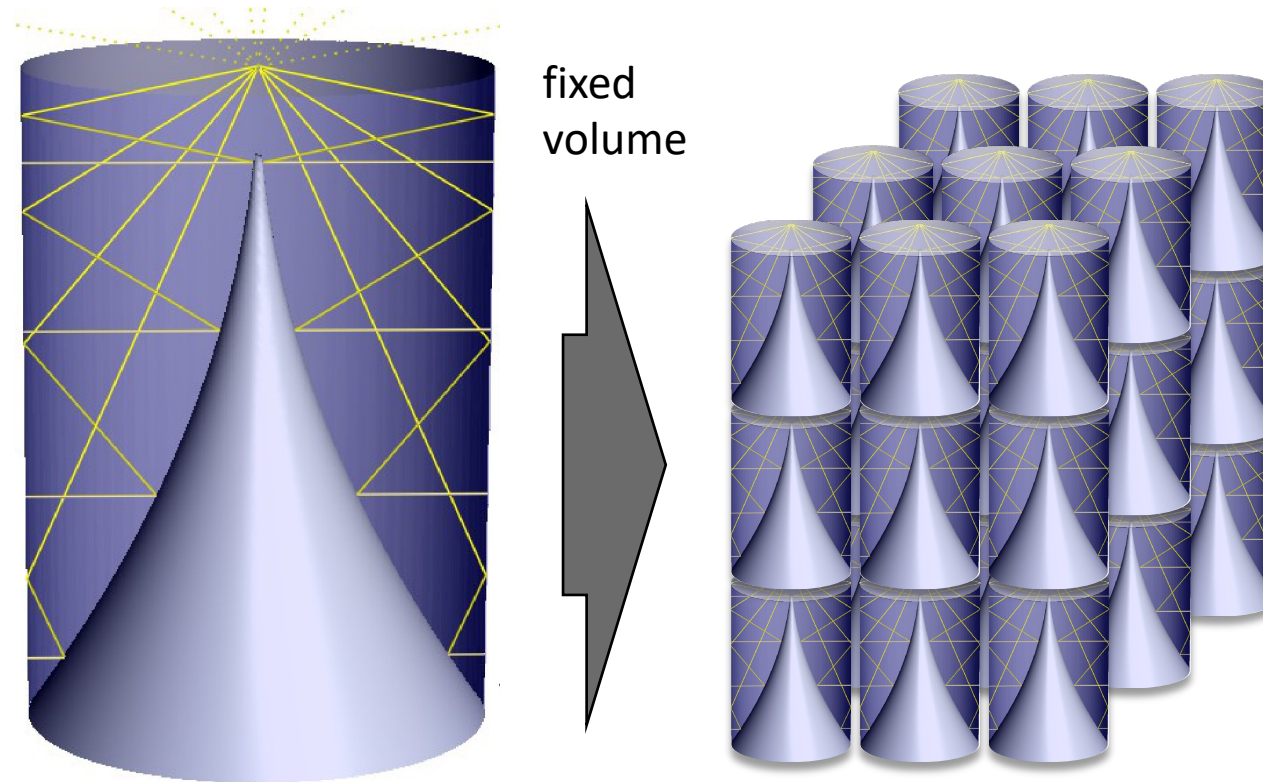




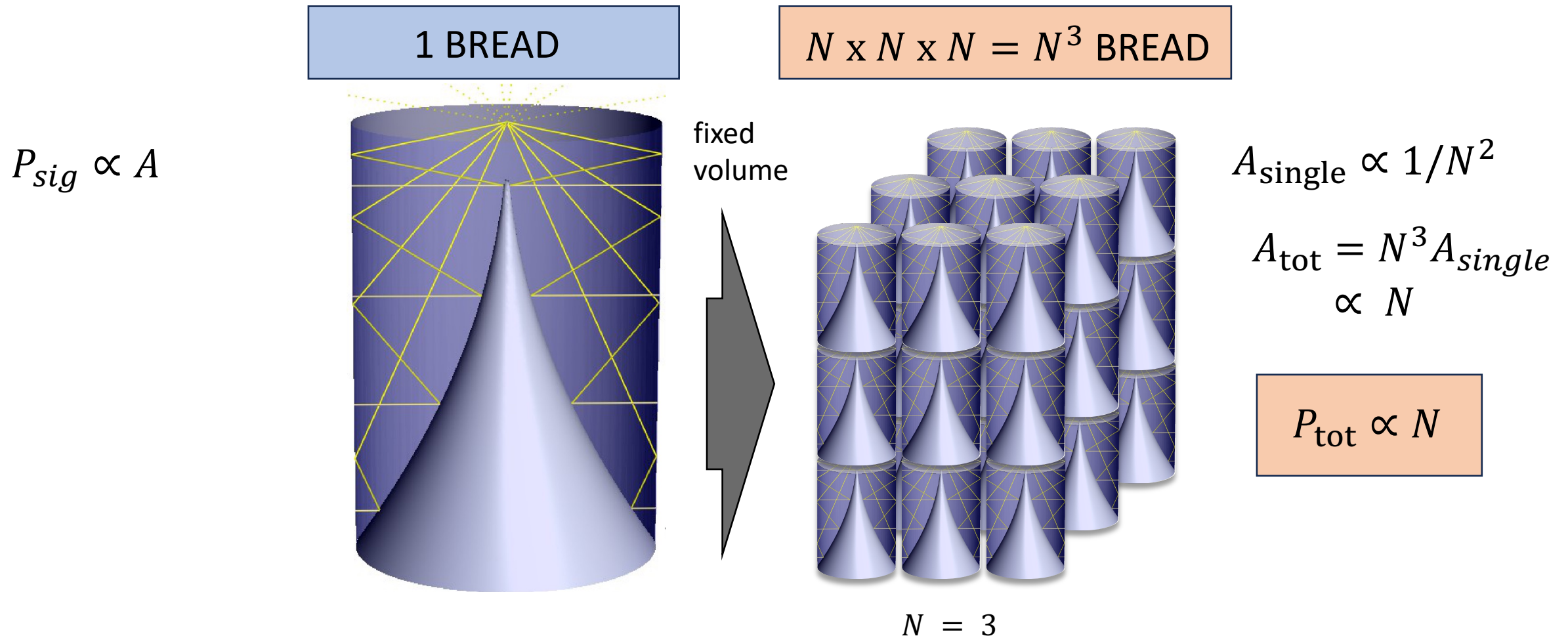
More Signal?

StackedBREAD – Increase Area

$$P_{sig} \propto A$$



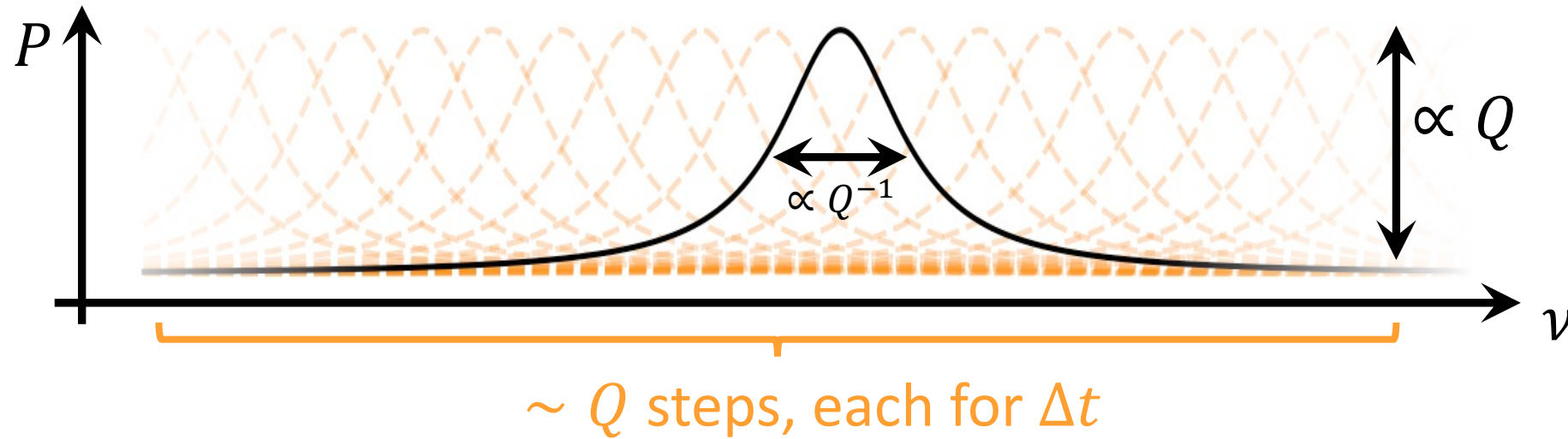
StackedBREAD – Increase Area



Limited gain / complexity

Resonant vs. Broadband Experiment

Scanning Experiment:



Background Limited:

Signal-to-Noise:

$$\frac{S}{N} = \frac{Q \cdot P_0}{kT_{sys}} \sqrt{\frac{\Delta t}{\Delta \nu_a}}$$

Total Scan Time (Q):

$$T_{tot} \sim Q \Delta t \propto Q Q^{-2} \propto Q^{-1}$$

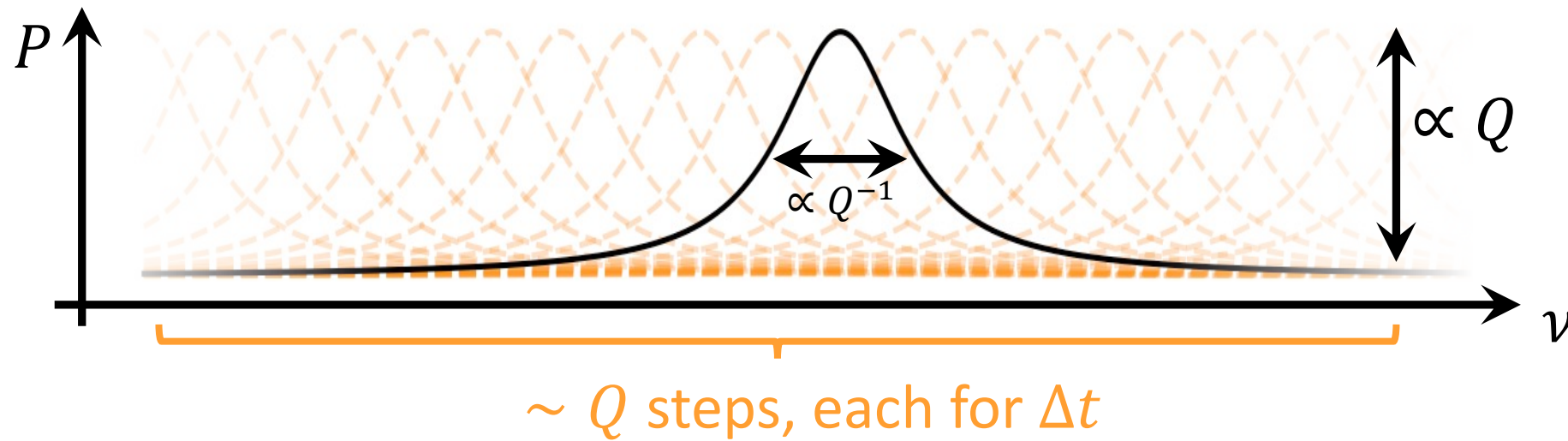
Background Free:

$$\frac{S}{N} = \frac{Q \cdot P_0 \Delta t}{\sqrt{Q \cdot P_0 \Delta t}} = \sqrt{Q \cdot P_0 \Delta t}$$

$$T_{tot} \sim Q \Delta t \propto Q Q^{-1} \propto 1$$

Resonant vs. Broadband Experiment

Scanning Experiment:

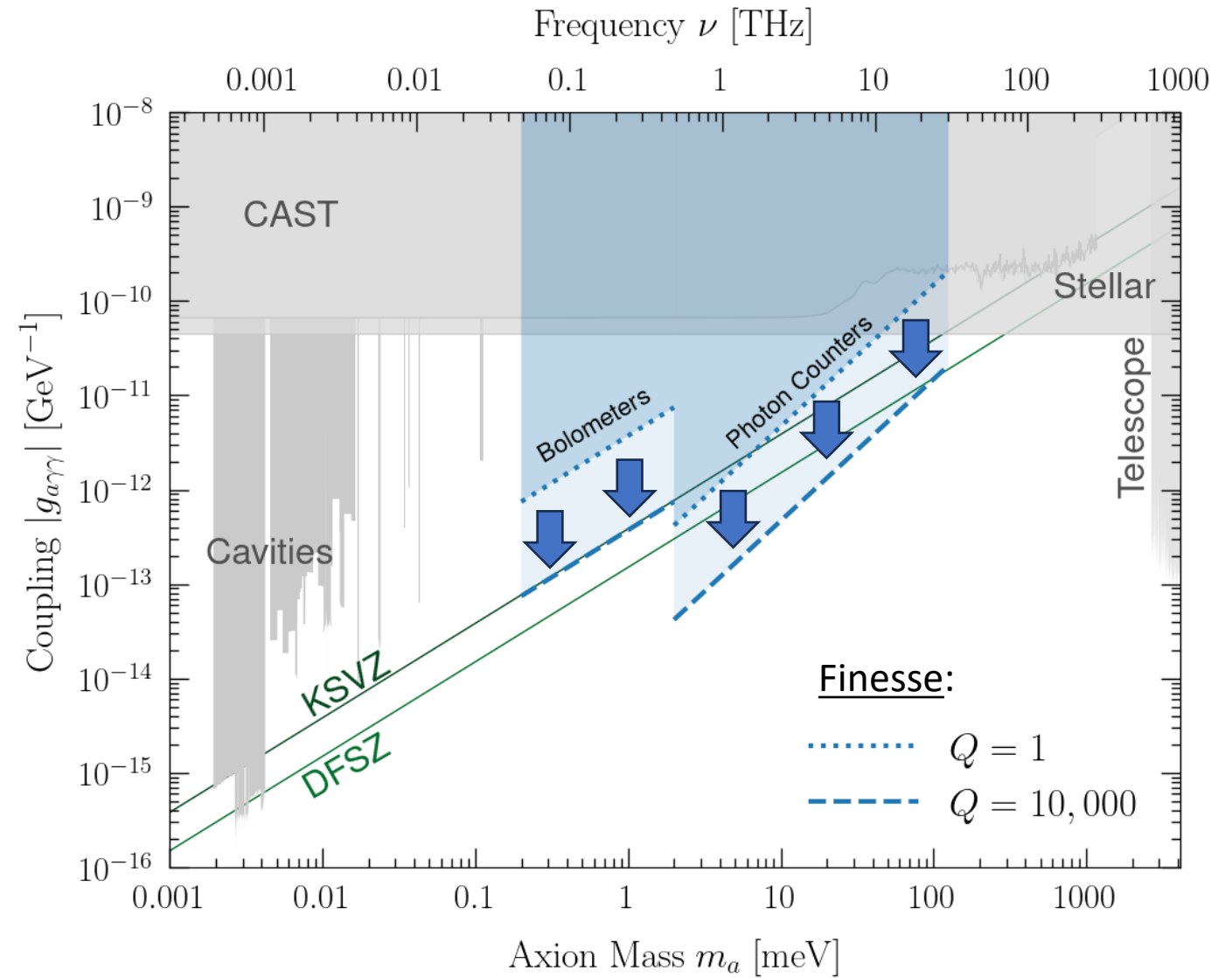
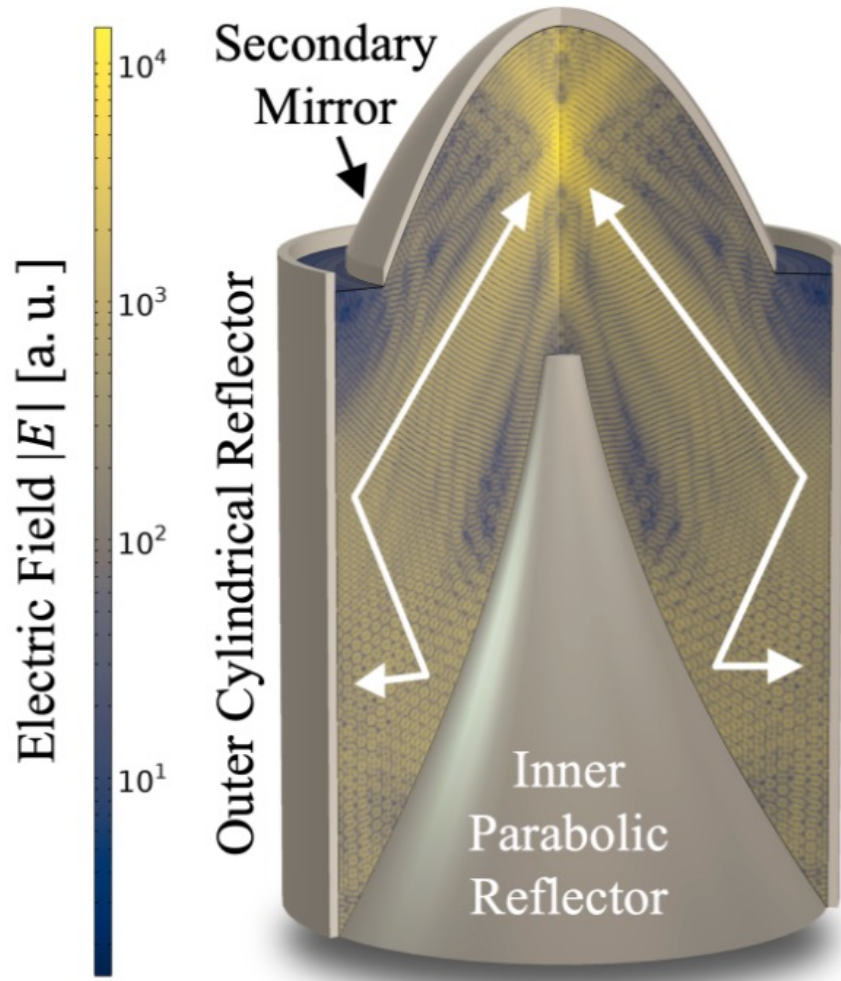


Scan Speed Cavity:


$$\frac{df}{dt} \approx 543 \frac{\text{MHz}}{\text{yr}} \left(\frac{\beta}{1 + \beta} \right)^2 \left(\frac{g_\gamma}{0.36} \right)^4 \left(\frac{f}{740 \text{ MHz}} \right)^2 \left(\frac{\rho}{0.45 \text{ GeV/cm}^3} \right)^2 \left(\frac{3.5}{\text{SNR}} \right)^2 \left(\frac{B}{7.6 \text{ T}} \right)^4 \left(\frac{V}{136 \ell} \right)^2 \left(\frac{Q_L}{30,000} \right) \left(\frac{C}{0.4} \right)^2 \left(\frac{0.2 \text{ K}}{T_{\text{sys}}} \right)^2,$$

[PRD 103, 032002 (2021)]

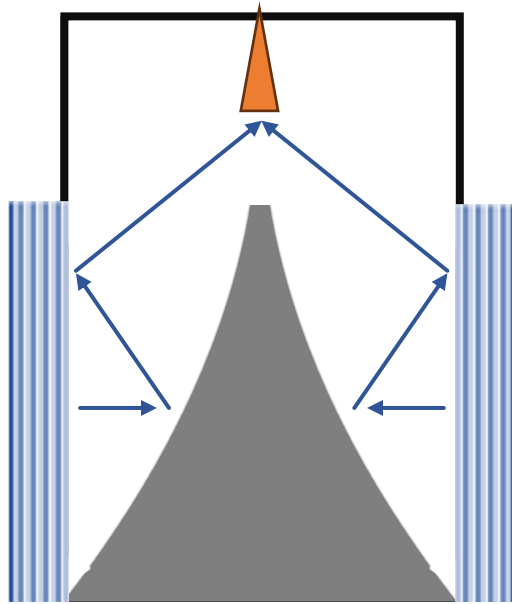
QualityBREAD

[see Gabe](#)


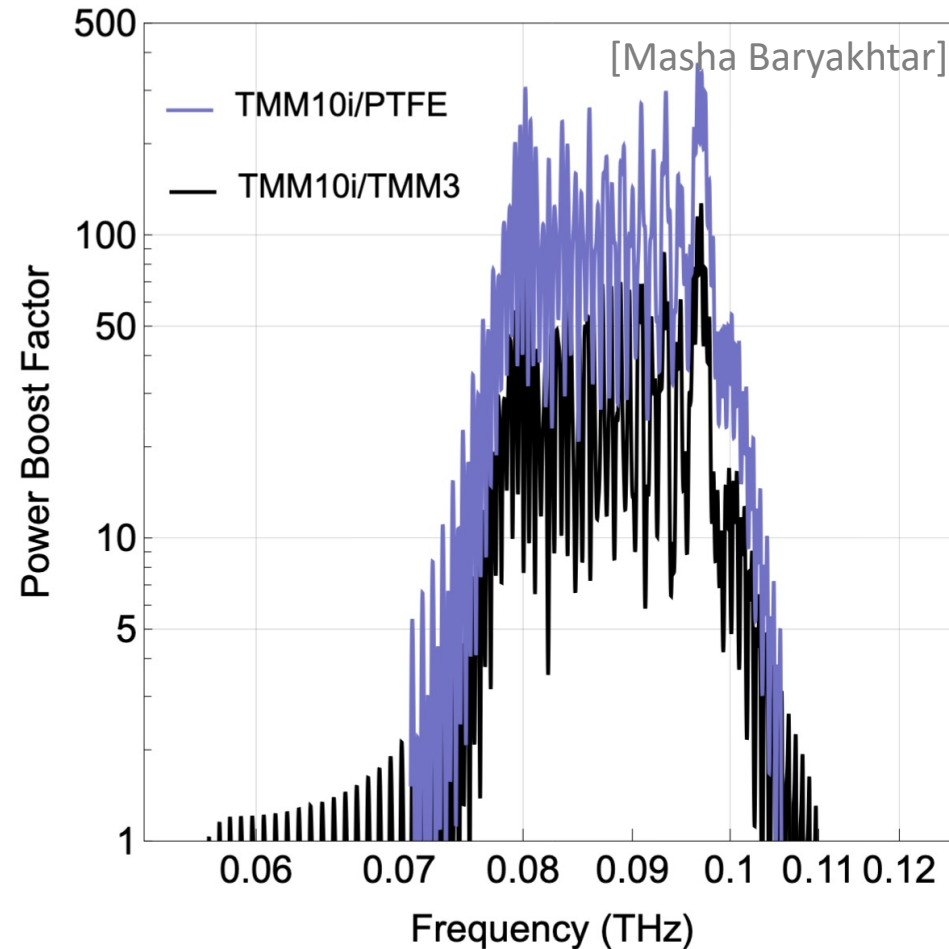
SlicedBREAD – Dielectric Stacks

same idea as 

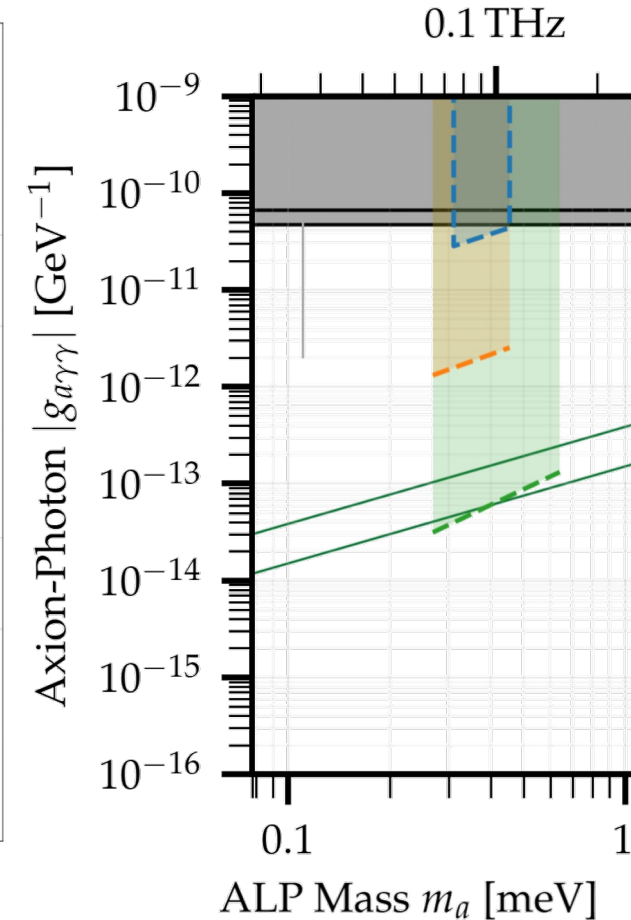
see I-See, Grant



resonant & volume
enhancement
(adjustable)



Boost $\beta^2 \sim \# \text{ layers}$
100 – 1,000 realistic

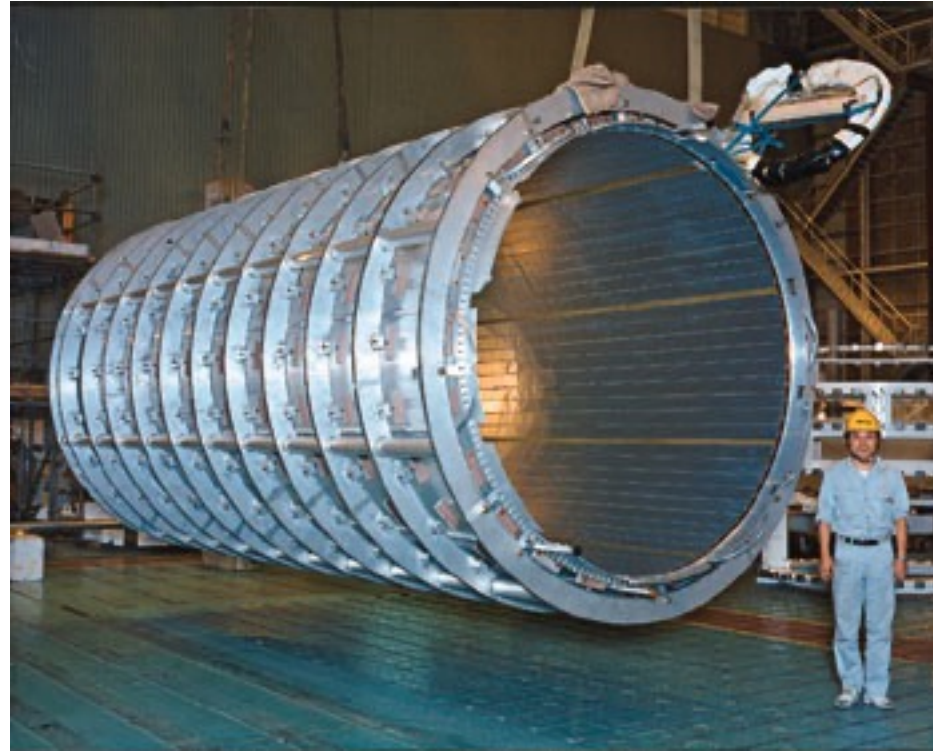


$\beta^2 \sim 20$
small scale

$\beta^2 \sim 100$
DWL

$\beta^2 \sim 1,000$
 $20T, 7m^2$

$$g_{a\gamma\gamma} \propto \sqrt{\beta^2}$$



How about a huge magnet?

→ Andrew

Conclusion

Thank you very much!

